# Hurricane Season Outlook Information (as requested by VELCO)

## VELCO Operating Committee Meeting June 18, 2020

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Connor Pasquale



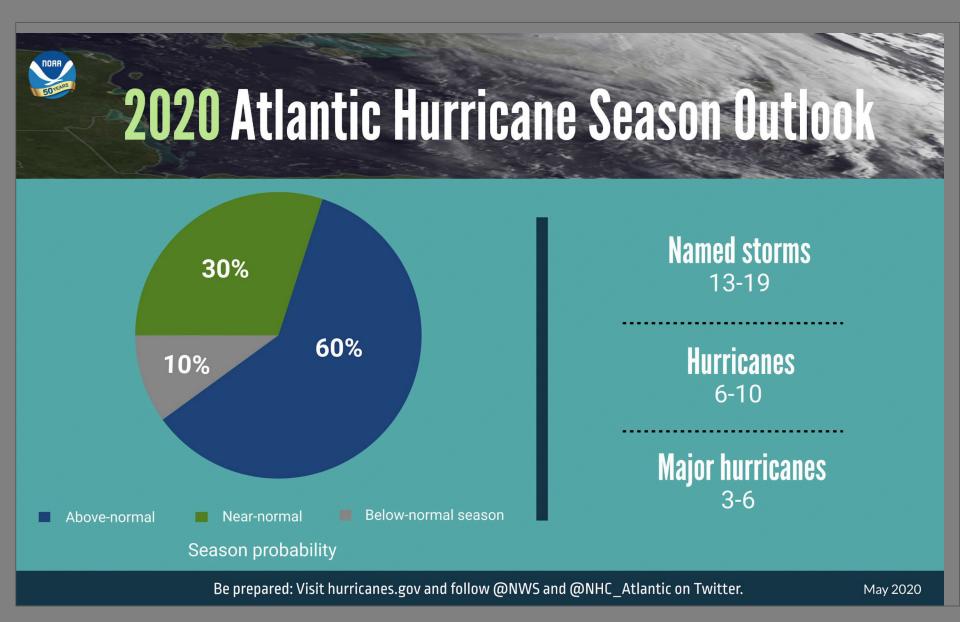
Ryan Paulino



Jason Shafer

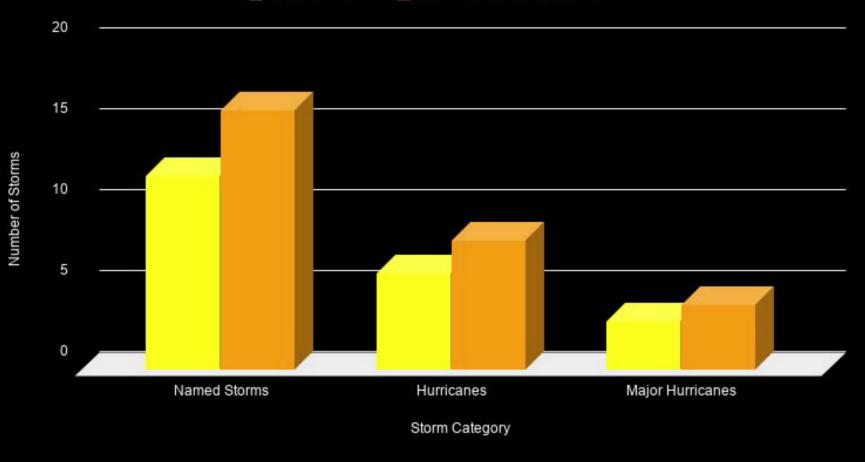


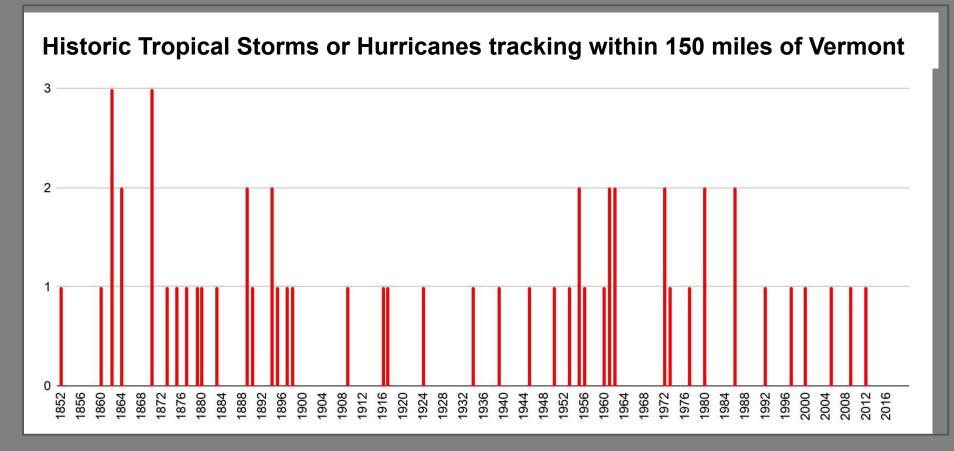




### Average Hurricane Season and 2020 NOAA Season Outlook

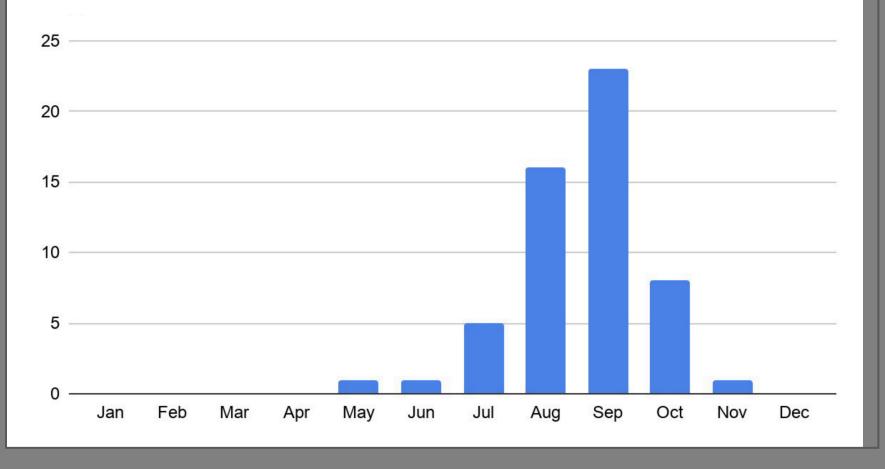
Average Season 📒 2020 NOAA Season Outlook





Data source: https://oceanservice.noaa.gov/news/historical-hurricanes/

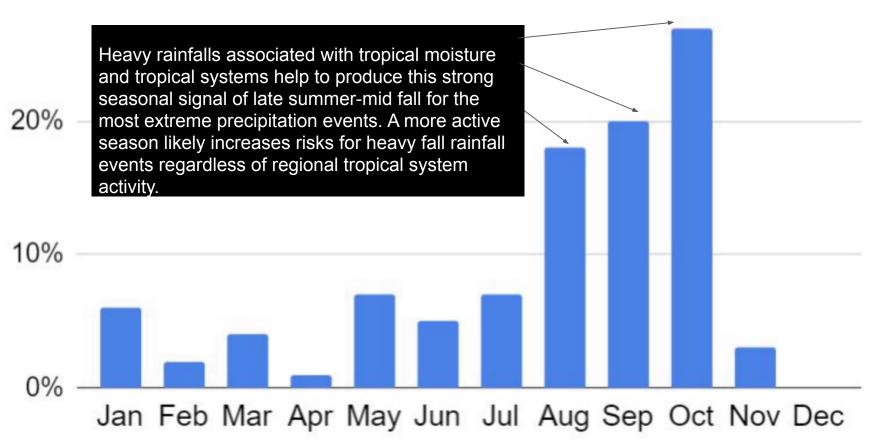
## Tropical Storms or Hurricanes within 150 miles of Vermont



Data: https://oceanservice.noaa.gov/news/historical-hurricanes/

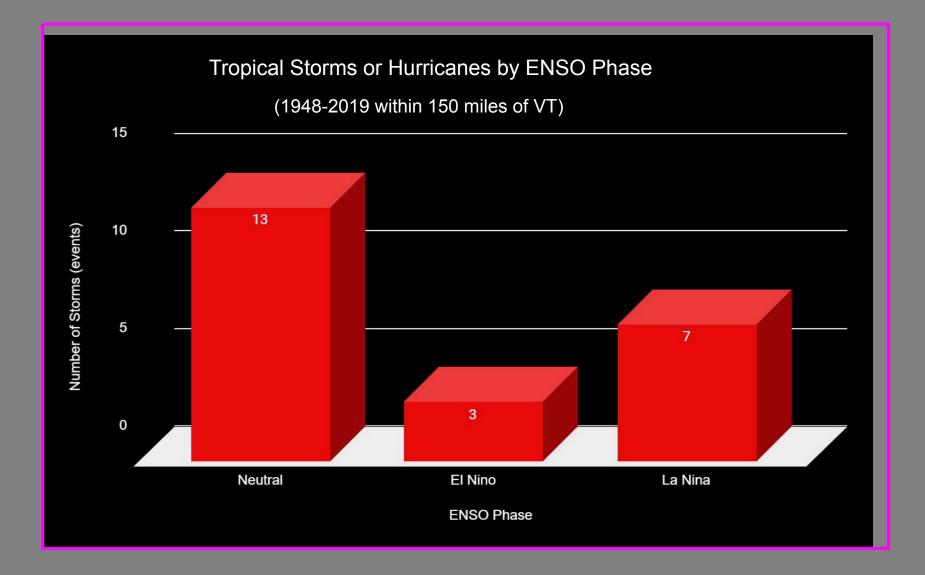
## Vermont Seasonal Frequency of Extreme Precipitation Events

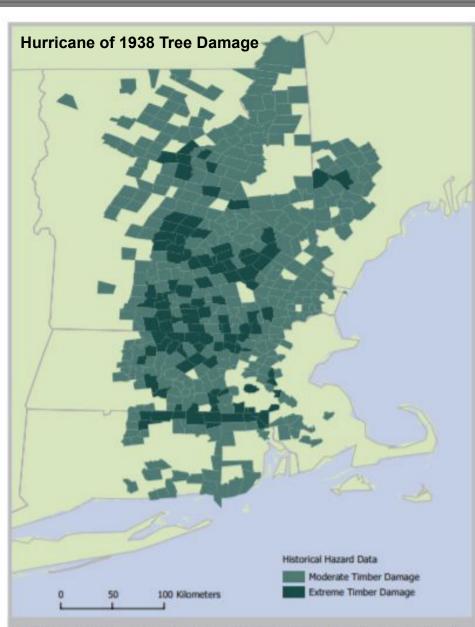
### 30%



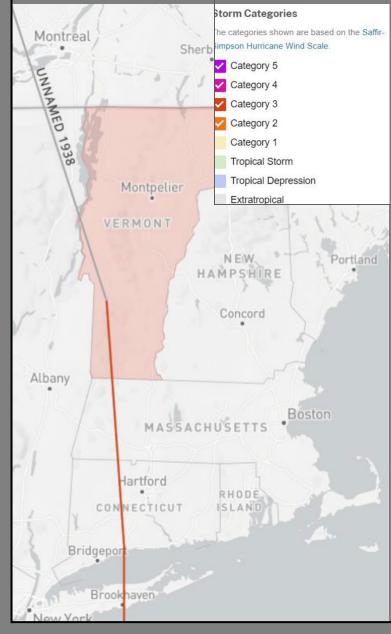
## 2020 Hurricane Season Risk Factors

- NOAA Hurricane season forecast 60% above-normal, 30% near-normal, 10% below-normal.
- Lack of El Nino will provide less wind shear which will help to promote tropical activity.
- SST's are warmer than normal, providing more fuel and available energy for these storms.
- ACE (Accumulated Cyclone Energy) values are high. This is a measure of the potential ocean energy available to any developing tropical systems.

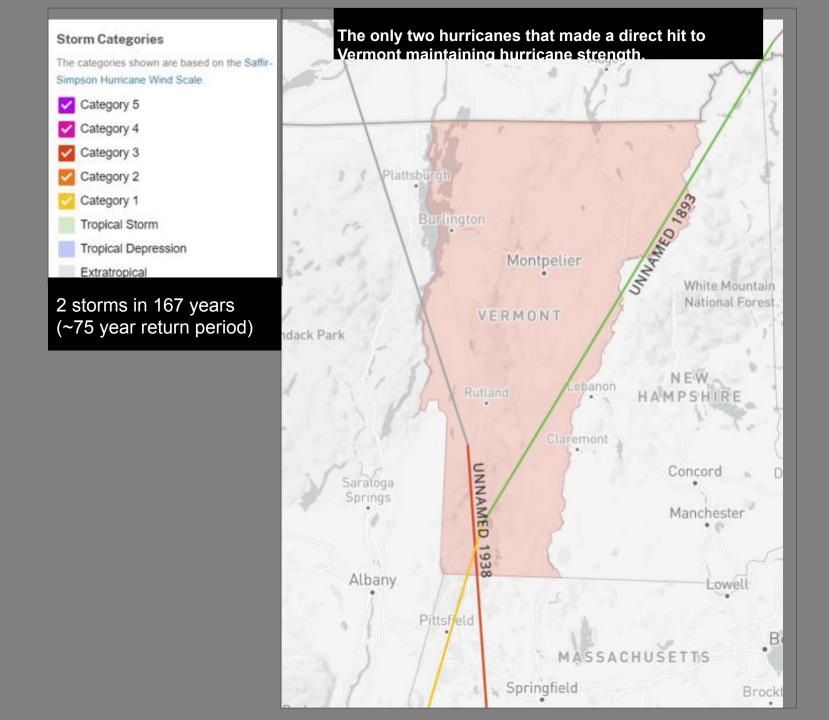




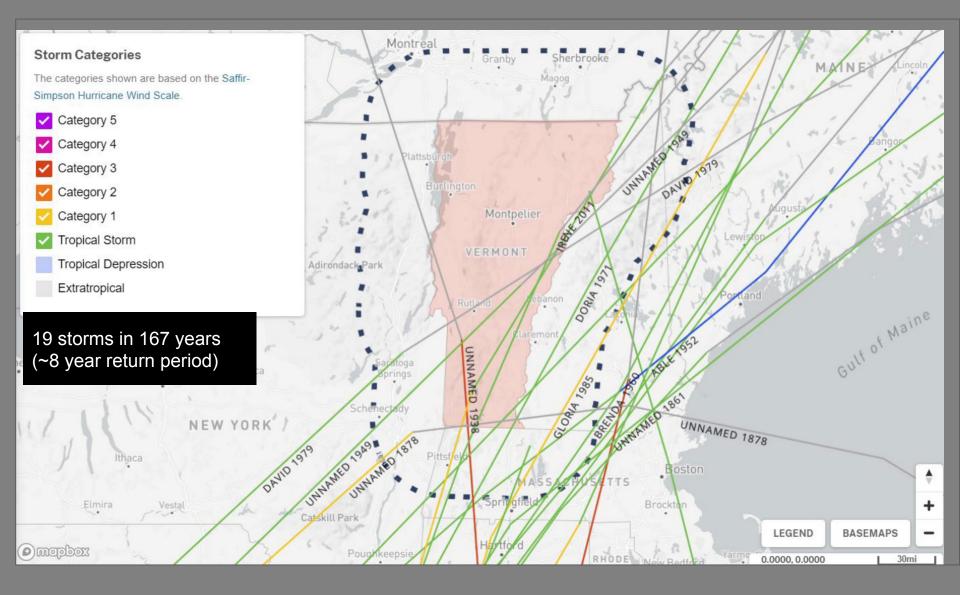
Moderate and extreme severities of tree damage in each township as a result of the 1938 Great New England Hurricane, derived from the Northeastern Timber Salvage Administration survey (NETSA, 1943)



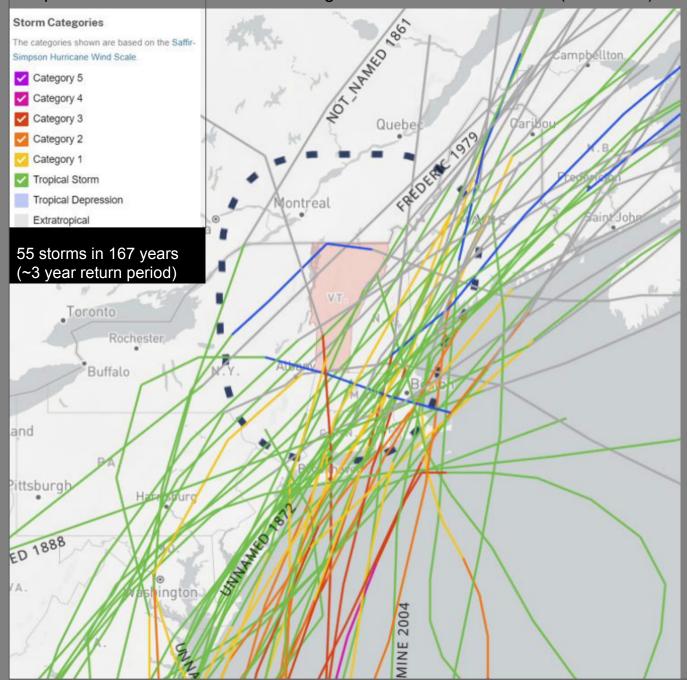
### Hurricane of 1938 Track



#### Tropical Storms or Hurricanes tracking with 50 miles of Vermont (19 storms)



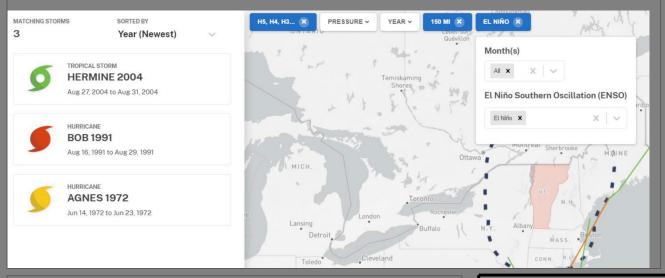
#### Tropical Storms or Hurricanes tracking with 150 miles of Vermont (55 storms).

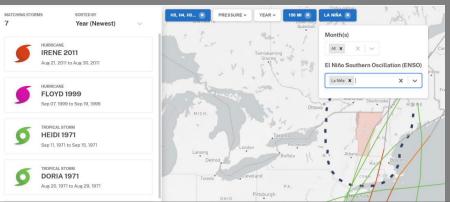


# Summary

- NOAA's forecast for above average tropical activity appears reasonable and prudent.
- Tropical systems are low frequency events, it's difficult to meaningfully predict tropical activity over a region this far in advance.
- In general, deep inland penetration of strong wind fields is relatively rare, heavy precipitation is a more common hazard from tropical systems.
- Heavy fall precipitation events are likely a greater likelihood as tropical moisture interacts with mid latitude storm systems without direct or immediate hits from tropical systems.
- Risks from tropical systems is likely ~2x higher than the long-term average for storms to track near Vermont this season.

	Long-Term Yearly Risk Probability of Occurrence	This Season's Forecast Probability of Occurrence
Direct hit by hurricane	1%	~2%
Tropical Storm or Hurricane within 50 miles of VT	11%	~20%
Tropical Storm or Hurricane within 150 miles of VT	33%	~60%





MATCHING STORMS SORTED BY 13 Year (Newest) ~	H5, H4, H3 X PRESSURE V YEAR 150 MI X NEUTRAL X
	Month(s)
	Temiskaming
Aug 28, 2008 to Sep 08, 2008	Shores El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO)
HURRICANE BERTHA 1996 Jul 05, 1996 to Jul 17, 1996	Neutral X × ·
TEOPICAL STORM   HENRI 1985   Sep 21, 1985 to Sep 25, 1985	MICH. Internet Lansing Landon Burling U M Albany
HURRICANE GLORIA 1985 Sep 16, 1985 to Oct 02, 1985	Lansing Detroit Toledo Cleveland PA

Neutral	El Nino	La Nina
Hurricane Able (1952)	Hurricane Agnes (1972)	Hurricane Carol (1954)
Hurricane Cindy (1959)	Hurricane Bob (1991)	Hurricane Edna (1954)
Fropical Storm Brenda (1960)	Tropical Storm Hermine (2004)	Hurricane Diane (1955)
Hurricane Donna (1960)		Tropical Storm Doria (1971)
Hurricane Esther (1961)		Tropical Storm Heidi (1971)
Tropical Storm (1961)		Hurricane Floyd (1999)
Hurricane Belle (1976)		Hurricane Irene (2011)
Hurricane David (1979)		
Hurricane Frederic (1979)		
Hurricane Gloria (1985)		
Tropical Storm Henri (1985)		
Hurricane Bertha (1996)		
Hurricane Hanna (2008)		